

Year 8 Unit of Work: Rhetoric

The Aristotelian triad: ethos, logos, pathos	The 5 parts of oratory	Rhetorical language techniques	
Ethos is convincing your audience to believe you are trustworthy by establishing your credibility, character and personal appeal.	Invention – ideas! Think what you are going to say Arrangement – put ideas in logical and powerful order State as least methods for	 Personal pronouns (e.g. 'We can change the world!' Possessive adjectives ('e.g. 'Our future is in danger!' Direct address (e.g., You must act now' Anecdote (personal story) 	Impact? To involve and connect with the audience.
 Logos uses the appeal of reason and logical argument reinforced by evidence e.g., facts and statistics Pathos appeals to the listener's emotions, whether positive or negative, to impact their viewpoint Ethos, pathos and logos must work 	 Style – select methods for impact (ethos, logos, pathos – what language choices do you need to make?) Memory – good orators do not read their speeches, they memorise or use brief notes Delivery – perform speech 	 Anaphora - Repetition of a key phrase across following clauses or sentences, e.g., Inadequate schooling, inadequate training, inadequate e skills these are major obstacles." Sound techniques e.g., Repetition, alliteration, rhyme Phrases of quantity e.g., A staggering majority/minority; a vast number a worrying amount the easiest / worst Facts & statistics e.g. percentages 	Impact? Creates a sense of urgency, immediacy, emphasis and conviction.
together to be effective. For an emotional appeal (pathos) to work, the emotion must be a shared emotion	for impact (body language, tone, pace, volume, emphasis etc.)	 Symbolism e.g., metaphor to express emotion eg, 'The hill we climb' Or contrast (light / darkness) Abstract nouns e.g., hope, truth, beauty 	Impact? Expresses an idea in a relatable, moral or emotional way.
Mastery checks	Features of effective orators	Vocabulary	
 ✓ I have prepared a speech using the five parts of oratory: invention, arrangement, style, memory and delivery ✓ I have planned a speech which uses ethos, logos and pathos to impact upon my audience. ✓ I have used rhetorical language techniques, such as personal pronouns, anaphora or rhetorical questions, to evoke ethos, logos and pathos for my listeners ✓ I have delivered my speech clearly, using gestures, body language and my tone of voice to emphasise my points. 	 ✓ Confident body language ✓ Make eye contact ✓ Speak loudly and clearly ✓ Vary pitch, tone and volume ✓ Have a well-planned speech with good ideas and knowledge to convince their audience ✓ Formal register ✓ Range of high-level vocabulary to be precise about ideas and views ✓ Use rhetorical (persuasive) techniques to convince ✓ Connect with their audience emotionally, considering the views and feelings of others. 	Rhetoric (noun): the art of speaking effectively and persuasive.g. Old Major was skilled at rhetoric as he convinced the art of their situation. Oratory (noun), the art of public speaking e.g., "Barack Obama is a clear master of oratory: his 'Yes We down in history with Martin Luther King's 'I Have a Dream'. Orator (noun), a public speaker, esp one versed in rhetoric egreat orator. Credibility (noun), from the Latin root word cred, to believe; trusted and believed in; essential for developing ethos. E.g., have a lot of credibility when talking about Shakespeare. Anecdote (noun), a short amusing or interesting story about person: e.g., "that anecdote about your dog you used in the the hearts of the listeners"	Can' speech will go e.g. Obama is a means you are English teachers a real incident or



Year 8 Unit of Work: Rhetoric Timeline

ARISTOTLE 350 BC

ALEXANDER THE GREAT 356 - 323 BC

CICERO 106 - 43 BC SHAKESPEARE 1564-1616







The Aristotelian triad

Speech before battle (324 BC)

On Invention

The Tempest (1611)

SOJOURNER TRUTH

1797 - 1883

GEORGE ORWELL 1903 - 1950

JOHN F KENNEDY 1917 - 1963

MARTIN LUTHER KING 1929 - 1968













Ain't I A Woman (1851)

Animal Farm (1945)

Labor Day speech (1963)

I Have a Dream (1963)

MOBY 1965 -

AMANDA GORMAN 1998 -

EMMA GONZALEZ 1999 -

GRETA THUNBERG YOU! 2003 -



Why I'm a Vegan (2014)







The Hill We Climb (2021)

March for our lives (2018)

